

Block 1	Block 2	Block 3	Block 4
Follow FS1 themes	Follow FS1 themes	Follow FS1 themes	Follow FS1 themes

For children who begin nursery in the term after their third birthday, the focus will remain on the prime areas of learning for their first two terms.

They will enjoy the same contexts and broad experiences as the older nursery group and educators will use their pedagogical repertoire to drive their progress beyond the two year old programme and secure a firm foundation for the full nursery year.

As in the reception year and the main nursery year, this bridging curriculum map is the main tool to check progress, note concerns about individuals and provide modifications and support as appropriate.

Characteristics of Effective	Playing and Exploring: children investigate and experience things, and 'have a go'			
Learning	Active Learning: children concentrate and keep on trying if they encounter difficulties, and enjoy achievements			
	Creating and Thinking Creatively: children have and develop their own ideas, make links between ideas, and develop strategies for doing things			
	Statutory framework for the EYFS			
Overarching	Unique Child: Every child is a unique child, who is constantly learning and can be resilient, capable, confident and self-			
Principles	assured			
	Positive Relationships: children learn to be strong and independent through positive relationships			
	Enabling Environments: children learn and develop well in enabling environments with teaching and support from adults, who respond to their individual interests and needs and help them to build their learning over time. Children benefit from a strong partnership between practitioners and parents and/or carers.			
	Learning & Development: Children develop and learn at different rates. We must be aware of children who need greater support than others.			



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Linked texts to help children to secure and think more deeply about knowledge.	Do we need this page????			
WOW moments & enrichment opportunities including visits, visitors & special experiences to secure children's knowledge.	Do we need this page????			



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Assessment &	North Tyneside Communication screener	FSU team meetings (weekly)	FSU team meetings (weekly)	FSU team meetings (weekly)	
Observation	FSU team meetings (weekly)	Pupil Progress meetings	Pupil Progress meetings	Parents Evening	
Opportunities	Baseline assessment			Pupil Progress meetings	
opportunities	SALT interventions			Internal moderation	
Strategies to involve		Seesaw			
families in our		Twitter			
learning.		FSU information booklet			
Seesaw App School web site	1/2 hour visits built up at child's pace of settling				
Twitter feed Shared Library	Whole school newsletter				
Silai eu Libi ai y	Drop-in sessions (COVID 19 dependent)				
Strategies to	Early Years Talk Boost—Tizzy Time				
support our	Communicate in print symbols used				
vulnerable children and	Visual strategies throughout				
deepen their knowledge	SALT 1:1 interventions				
	BLANKS levels of questioning				
	Launchpad for Literacy				
How will we use our en-	Small world—following children's interests				
hanced continuous provi-	Home corner—regular enhancements				
sion to support learning	Discovery tuff trays				
through independent inquiry.	Role play areas				



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Communication and Language Listening & Attention Speaking What do we want children to know by the end of this block and what do we want children to do by the end of this block?	The development of children's spoken language under language and cognitive development. The number are menting on what children are interested in or doing, children, and engaging them actively in stories, non-figive children the opportunity to thrive. Through conving that invites them to elaborate, children become of the compact of th	erpins all seven areas of learning and development and quality of the conversations they have with adult and echoing back what they say with new vocabula fiction, rhymes and poems, and then providing the versation, story-telling and role play, where childre	. Children's back-and-forth interactions from a ts and peers throughout the day in a language ary added, practitioners will build children's la m with extensive opportunities to use and eml n share their ideas with support and modelling	n early age form the foundations for -rich environment is crucial. By com- nguage effectively. Reading frequently to ped new words in a range of contexts, will g from their teacher, and sensitive question-
	Respond to cues to listen in a group. Remain with the group through short story or discussion.		Consistently follow instructions with at least two information carrying words.	Speak in role in simple socio-dramatic play with adult scaffolding. Mimic an adult reading an entire short book, turning the pages one at a time. Use patterned language to join in sections
Story time	Where's Spot	Not Now Bernard	The Tiger who came to tea	The Grufralo
	Dear zoo	Owl Babie	Monkey puzzle	The Wonky Donkey
Rhymes & songs	Humpty Dumpty Twinkle, Twinkle	Baa, baa black sheep I'm a Little Teapot	Incey, wincey spider Row, row your boat	Sleeping bunnies Wind the bobbin
Which words and phrases do we want children to recall and understand by the end of this block?	Rhymes, story, listen, my turn, your turn,	Rhymes, story, listen, my turn, your turn, favourtie	Rhymes, story, listen, my turn, your turn,	Rhymes, story, listen, my turn, your turn,



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Personal, Social and Emotional Development	Children's personal, social and emotional development (PSED) is crucial for children to lead happy, healthy lives and is fundamental to their cognitive development. Underpinning their personal development are the important attachments that shape their social world. Strong, warm and supportive relationships with adults enable children to learn how to understand their own feelings and those of others. Children should be supported to manage emotions, develop a positive sense of self, set themselves simple goals, have confidence in their own abilities, to persist and wait for what they want and direct attention when necessary. Through adult modelling and guidance, they will learn how to look after their bodies, including healthy eating and manage personal needs independently. Through supported interaction with other children, they learn how to make good friendships, cooperate and resolve conflicts peaceably. These attributes will provide a secure platform from which children can achieve at school and in later life. EYFS Statutory Educational Programme				
What do we want children to know by the end of this block and what do we want children to do by the end of this block?	Greet key worker and chosen friends on arrival with a prompt and show pleasure in their company. Develop links with other children who have similar play preferences and begin to seek them out. Seek out adults for specific support or conversation. Use a small range of words to describe feelings – happy, sad, tired. With an adult scaffold take on simple roles in small world or socio-dramatic play and attempt to demonstrate how these characters are feeling. Show pleasure in the routines of shared snack time. Manage toileting with verbal prompts and support. Put on coat with verbal guidance and ask for support with fastenings. Explore new nursery spaces with increasing confidence, curiosity and pleasure.	Spontaneously greet key worker and an increasing circle of acquaintances on arrival. Show clear preferences for the company of one or more children from the key worker group and actively seek them out for interaction. Observe others intermittently when engaged in parallel play. Show pleasure in short conversations with key worker and other adults. Can imitate facial expressions to indicate mood. Can participate in the social conventions of snack time such as repeating please and thankyou, passing out plates and choosing/naming foods without touching. Help with shoes and coat fastenings. Use excited, angry, scared, hungry to express feelings.	Spontaneously share experiences from home when it resonates with classroom activities. Imitate older children in the group and begin to seek out their company. Link simple vocabulary of emotions to illustrations and narratives in simple picture books. Observe others frequently during parallel play. Show pleasure in visiting other places in the school or setting with key worker. Attempt to push shoes on and pull off with adult narrative to support.	Answer simple questions about home and family. Respond positively and appropriately to a request to help someone else. Spontaneously comfort another child who is upset or hurt. Show enthusiasm to help adults with tasks. Draw on a repertoire of actions to self soothe, such as finding spaces to be quiet and alone, choosing a favourite space to play, or seeking out a friend or key worker for comfort. Describe feelings in simple terms as events occur. Ascribe feeling to small world characters or during socio-dramatic play with a prompt. Spontaneously share equipment during associative play. Manage coat almost independently, rejecting adult support and persevering.	
Which words and phrases do we want children to recall and understand by the end of this block?	Play, friends, rules, help please,	Hello, bye, friends, play, please, thank you, help please, sad, happy	Play, friends, happy, sad, cross, help please	Help please, sad, happy, excited, angry	



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Physical Development	Physical activity is vital in children's all round de throughout early childhood, starting with senso creating game and providing opportunities for beco-ordination and agility. Gross motor skills prowith hand and eye coordination which is later lithe practise of using small tools, with feedback. Show perseverance and success when wrestling with a range of simple mechanisms such as screw lids, pegs and clip components of construction kits.	ry explorations and positional awareness thro both indoors and outdoors, adults can support wide the foundation for developing healthy bo nked to early literacy. Repeated and varies op	ough tummy time, crawling and play move t children's to develop their core strength, odies and social and emotional well-being. portunities to explore play with small wor	ment with both objects and adults.by stability ,balance and special awareness, Fine motor control and precision helps Id activities, puzzles, arts and crafts and
What do we want children to know by the end of this block and what do we want children to do by the end of this block?	Change the shape of clay with hands, altering pressure and direction of fingers. Manipulate a wide range of loose parts, including irregular and fiddly ones, when arranging or transporting. Build towers and enclosures with blocks of different shapes and sizes. Use a spoon and cup independently. Confidently use a fist grip to make marks on different scales and surfaces. Show enthusiasm to complete a very simple adult designed obstacle course and a desire to do it independently. Jump from a small height to the floor without an adult hand. Roll and chase a large ball.	Alter the shape of clay with cutters, rollers, pastry wheels. Fill and empty containers in the sand with large spoons and scoops. Imitate hand actions in rhymes and circle games. Help adults carry larger objects, such as spools, planks and crates. Climb up a short slide and slide down. Propel wheeled toys with feet. Roll and chase large and small balls.	clay through garlic presses and comment on the effects. Use paperclips and pegs to join pr attach. Pour dry sand and water into containers and water/sand wheels precision Build with irregular objects such as recycled materials and rocks. Mark-make with pens and paint brushes using a tripod grip. Carry larger objects collaboratively.	"Rough weave" by pushing/pulling ribbons or branches into wide trellises or frames. Use mallets to knock pegs onto peg boards. Make marks with paint brushes of different sizes, sometimes filling the entire paper. Alter hand and arm actions to build skill one handed implements such as whisks, wooden spoons ladles and jugs. Cut off a length of tape using a tape dispenser. Begin to show a preference for a dominant hand. Attempt to pedal a wheeled toy. Help adults build with large components. Jump from a higher platform, using arms to maintain balance. Crawl under obstacles or through tunnels. Make shapes in the air with ribbon sticks. Imitate body actions from simple circle
Which words and phrases do we want children to recall and understand by the end of this block?	Press, open, close, press, roll, squash, build, balance, over, umder, jump, lamd, roll, chase.	Jigsaw, fit, thread, push, cut, fill, empty, climb, slide, down, roll, catch	Join, press, roll, build, paint,	games and dances. Rolling, push, pull, thread, scissors, cut, marks, pedal, crawl.