	EYFS Progression Map Understanding the World (cross curricular Geography) Subject Lead Mrs Shearer					
Nursery	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	All about me	Let's Celebrate	Winter Wonderland	Planting & Growing	Who can help me?	Once Upon a Time
Understanding the World	experiences increases the ty such as police officers, standing of our culturally,	ir knowledge and sense of nurses and firefighters. In socially, technologically an	make sense of their physic the world around them -fro n addition, listening to a bro d ecologically diverse world nriching and widening childr	m visiting parks, libraries a oad selection of stories, nou . As well as building importe	and museums to meeting im n-fiction, rhymes and poem ant knowledge, this extend	oortant members of socie- s will foster their under- s their familiarity with
People, Cultures and Communities	differences between people.	Enact or describe aspects of cultural celebrations in very simple terms, using new vocabulary accurately. Continue to develop positive attitudes about the differences between people.	Celebrate & value cultural and religious events (CNY).	Understand that some places are special to members of the community.	Know that there are different countries in the world & talk about the differences they have experienced & seen in photos. Continue to develop positive attitudes about the difference between People.	Work alongside adults imitating their actions as they care for living things. Describe and enact some of the roles of community figures .
and changes in the environment will run throughout our daily routines. Use of the blossom tree in the FSU garden to notice seasonal changes	and reaction toys. Actively collect and enjoy transporting materials. Use their senses in hands on exploration of natural materials.	Use some very simple adjectives to describe the sensory properties of everyday materials. Explore collections of materials with similar and different properties Improve techniques with a range of action and reaction toys.	es they notice (melting/ cooking/freezing). Explore how things work. (wind up toys, pulleys,	adult guidance to treat living things with care. Collect materials for a particular purpose and explain. Talk about what they see using a wide range of vocabulary.	time, the way a growing plant or animal is changing. Work alongside adults	Demonstrate how to achieve a particular goal with pulley systems, ride on toys and digger toys. Use remote control toys to a particular end and explain how to do it. Actively explore the properties of everyday materials through spontaneous experimentation, narrating findings. Answer closed and anticipatory questions in simple adult led experiments about the properties of materials.

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Reception	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	Summer 2
General Themes	Me & My Emotions	Celebrations of Light	I wonder Why?	New Life	People Who Help Us	Terrific Tales
Understanding the World	children's personal exp to meeting important m stories, non-fiction, rh world. As well as building	eriences increases their lembers of society such ymes and poems will fos ng important knowledge	r knowledge and sense of as police officers, nur ter their understanding , this extends their far	of the world around the ses and firefighters. In g of our culturally, socio miliarity with words tha	their community. The from visiting parks, l addition, listening to a ally, technologically and e support understanding Statutory Educational	libraries and museums broad selection of ecologically diverse across domains.
People, Cultures and Communities	Name and describe people	Recognise that people have different beliefs	Describe and re-enact traditions from Chinese New Year celebrations. Talk about the similarities and differences between Chinese food and the foods we eat.	Develop and awareness of where food comes from.	Describe the roles of significant adults in the community. (Firefighters, Nurses, Dentists, police, doctors).	Compare and talk about differences in beaches around the world (man made v natural—pebble/ sand)
	Talk about the weather. (drawing on comparisons from holidays) Become familiar with new school surroundings (where is lunch hall, PE hall, new entrance) com- paring differences with home (naming rooms) Look at fruit & vegeta- bles with seeds (pumpkins—keep seeds for planting in Spring 2)	through role play and small world re-enactment. Notice & describe season- al changes around us (Focus on FSU garden tree) Know and demonstrate how to plant bulbs & pre- dict how it will grow (Plant Christmas gift - hyacinth) Talk about animals pre- paring for hibernation, making bird feeders	Notice & describe sea- sonal changes around us (Focus on FSU garden tree) Describe and explain changes to water. (freeze/melt) Observe changes to the secret garden pond. (Frogs spawn/nesting birds) Observational drawings of their surroundings Mapping—naming build- ings in local area begin to create maps Name street that they live in.	maturity. Plant pumpkin seeds and potatoes (Innocent Big Grow project) Revisit secret garden pond to observes changes to frogspawn/tadpoles)	Notice & describe seasonal changes around us (Focus on FSU garden tree). Know and demonstrate how to grow seeds and care for seedlings. Observational drawings of their surroundings Use google earth/drone to identify familiar places.	Notice & describe seasonal changes around us (Focus on FSU garden tree). Describe and recall the transition from caterpillars into butterflies. Identify similarities and differences between the animals and plants in the beach environment and in the woodland environment.
Possible linked texts	Goodbye Summer, Hello Autumn The Leaf Thief Leaf Man		A Seed is Sleepy The Tiny Seed Big People Little World David Attenborough Goodbye Winter, Hello Spring		Goodbye Spring, Hello Sum People who help us selectio	imer on of Non-Fiction books

Progression Map	2021/2022 Subject: Geography		rs Lisa Sheare
Year Group	Autumn 1 Autumn 2	Spring 1 Spring 2	Summer 1
Breadth 1	UK Focus – Our Area inc local weather	Arctic- Global weather/conservation	Compare UK
AIMS	• interpret a range of sources of geographical information	thered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their , including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Ge vs, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills o	eographical Inform
Locational & place	 Identify the where we are in relation to UK and world. Identify the key features of a small location in order to say whether it is a city, town, village, coastal or rural area. 	• Explore the world's continents and oceans.	• Identify the w (recap).
Human & Physical	 Ask and answer geographical questions (such as: What is this place like? What or who will I see in this place? What do people do in this place?). Study the human and physical geography of a small area of the United Kingdom. Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom. Identify land use around the school. 	 Identify seasonal and daily weather patterns in the United Kingdom and the location of hot and cold areas of the world in relation to the Equator and the North and South Poles. 	 Ask and answe place like? Wh people do in th Understand ge through studyi small area of t European count
Skills & Fieldwork	 Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom Use simple fieldwork and observational skills to study the geography of the school and the key human and physical features of its surrounding environment. Use aerial images and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical features. Devise a simple map; and use and construct basic symbols in a key. Use simple grid references (A1, B1). 	 Use compass directions (north, south, east and west) and locational language (e.g. near and far) to describe the location of features and routes on a map. Use world maps, atlases and globes to identify the United Kingdom and its countries, as well as the countries, continents and oceans studied. Use aerial images and plan perspectives to recognise landmarks and basic physical features. 	 Use world map Kingdom Use compass d locational langulocation of fee Devise a simple key. Use simple Use aerial imag landmarks and
Vocabulary	 Key physical features, including: beach, coast, forest, hill, mountain, ocean, river, soil, valley, vegetation, River Tyne, North Sea, Wallsend, Newcastle. Key human features, including: city, town, village, factory, farm, house, office and shop, detached, semi-detached. Other: map, aerial photo, country, capital, route, address 	weather, direction, location	Similar, differ reference, Tok harbour, touris

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e where we are in	relation to UK and world.
What or who will] this place?). geographical sim	questions (such as: What is this I see in this place? What do ilarities and differences and physical geography of a ydom and of a contrasting non-
s directions (nort nguage (e.g. near features and rout uple map; and use uple grid reference	and construct basic symbols in a ces (A1, B1). rspectives to recognise
erent, human, Tokyo, Pacific, rism, industry.	physical, symbol, grid mountain, cliff, bay,

Progression I		021/2022 Subj	ect: Geography		Subject Lead: A	
	Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
Breadth	2	UK Focus- Countries	+ capital cities	World Focus- Contir	nents and oceans	Farming - ru
AIMS	5	• interpret a range of sour	rces of geographical informat	ion, including maps, diagrams, g	of fieldwork that deepen their lobes, aerial photographs and G umerical and quantitative skills	eographical Inform
Locational &	place	countries and capital citie surrounding seas.Identify the key features	characteristics of the four s of the United Kingdom and its of a small location in order to s village, coastal or rural area		d's continents and oceans.	• Identify the w (recap).
Human & Phy	sical	 place like? What or who w people do in this place?) Study the human and phys the United Kingdom 	cal questions (such as: What is t ill I see in this place? What do ical geography of a small area or y weather patterns in the United he school.	Kingdom and the location of relation to the Equator and the Eq	y weather patterns in the United of hot and cold areas of the world id the North and South Poles.	 Ask and answe place like? Wh people do in th Understand ge through study small area of t European count
Skills & Field	lwork	 Kingdom. Use simple fieldwork and a geography of the school at features of its surroundin Use aerial images and plan marks and basic physical f 	perspectives to recognise land- eatures. use and construct basic symbols	 locational language (e.g. ne of features and routes on Use world maps, atlases a Kingdom and its countries and oceans studied. 	orth, south, east and west) and ear and far) to describe the location a map. Ind globes to identify the United , as well as the countries, continen	 Use compass of locational lang
Vocabulary			luding: city, town, village, ice and shop.	id, compass, season, weath habitat, settlement, cli	er, direction, location, nate, near, far	Similar, differ reference, far hoe, compost, near, far.
			g tog	ether an	d have	

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	Summer 2
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f geographical p rmation Systems ngth.	
e where we are in	relation to UK and world.
What or who will : this place?) geographical sim dying the human	questions (such as: What is this I see in this place? What do ilarities and differences and physical geography of a gdom and of a contrasting non-
s directions (nort inguage (e.g. near ures and routes c	erspectives to recognise
arm, barn, mar	physical, symbol, grid rket, crops, milking, bale, regetation, rural, urban,

	gression Map 2021/2022 Subject: Geography				Subject Lead: Mrs Lisa Shear			
	Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1		
Breadth	3	UK Focus – Lake	District	World Focus-Af	rica	Rivers (use		
AIMS	5	• interpret a range o	d communicate with a range of a of sources of geographical infor aphical information in a variety	mation, including maps, diagra	ms, globes, aerial photographs	and Geographical Inform		
Locational &	place	geographical region cal characteristics, key topographical f and understand how over time.	unties and cities of the United Kin s and their identifying human and including hills, mountains, cities, r eatures and land-use patterns; some of these aspects have chan ocality of the school has changed o	physi- ivers, ged ivers, ivers, ivers, • Name and locate the Southern Hemisphe Arctic and Antarct some of the charac	e countries of Africa including and physical characteristics. The Equator, Northern Hemisphere ere, the Tropics of Cancer and Ca ic Circle and date time zones. Des teristics of these geographical a ical similarities and differences b	pricorn, scribe reas.		
Human & Phy	rsical	 and human characte Use a range of reso human features of e Explain own views a Describe key aspecters, mountains, volc 	graphical questions about the physic eristics of a location. Aurces to identify the key physical a location bout locations, giving reasons. ts of: physical geography (riv- anoes and earthquakes and the wa caphy (settlements and land use).	and e And human characte and Explain own views a Describe key aspector (rivers, mountains,	ographical questions about the ph eristics of a location . bout locations, giving reasons. ts of: physical geography volcanoes and earthquakes and th eography (settlements and land u	and human ch Describe set How the rive trade links, a		
Skills & Fieldwork • •		 Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features. Use fieldwork to observe and record the human and physical features in the local area using a range of methods including sketch maps, plans and graphs and digital technologies. Use the eight points of a compass, simple grid references, symbols and key to communicate knowledge of the United Kingdom. 		hysical cluding s. nces,	symbols and key to communicate knowledge of the United			
Vocabulary		volcances and earth	uphy , including: rivers, mount quakes and the water cycle. hy , including: settlements an ymbols.	drought, barren, A Ocean, humid, arid	nous, mainland, coastal, dese Itlantic ocean, Mediterraned , equator, hemisphere, tropi	an natural resour		

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	Summer 2
knowledge	of Nile)
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track a river fro	world rivers and local rivers. m source to sea. fected their communities over
characteristics a ettlements and la ver contributes t and the distribu	l questions about the physical long a river. nd use along the river. o economic activity including tion of natural resources rals, and water supplies
tries and describ ork to observe an the local area us s, plans and grapl ht points of a cou	d digital/computer mapping to e features. d record the human and physical ing a range of methods including hs and digital technologies. mpass, simple grid references, cate knowledge of the United
distribution, c urces, lower co stry, upper cou	agricultural, man-made, ourse, trade links, middle urse, exports.

Progression	Map 2	021/2022 Sub	oject: Geography		Subject Lead	l: Mrs Lisa Shear	
	Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	
Breadth	4	World Focus - Japo	an	UK Focus – Coast	'S	Europe Q	
AIMS	5	• interpret a range of so	ources of geographical inform	ation, including maps, diagram	nces of fieldwork that deepen ns, globes, aerial photographs a ps, numerical and quantitative s	and Geographical Inform	
Locational & place		 Name and locate the Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle and date time zones. Describe some of the characteristics of these geographical areas. Name and locate the main cities of Japan, geographical regions. 		corn, North sea coast (loco be Describe how coasts	 Describe how coasts have been affected by their communities over time and how the coast affects the 		
Human & Physical		 Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location. Identify human and physical characteristics of Japan, including hills, mountains, cities, rivers, key topographical features and land-use patterns; and understand how some of these aspects have changed over time. Discuss and investigate economic activity including trade links between Japan and UK (Nissan) Explain own views about locations, giving reasons. 		and human character Describe key aspects physical geography, in and the water cycle. human geography, inc economic activity.	 Ask and answer geographical questions about the physical and human characteristics of a location. Describe key aspects of: physical geography, including: coasts, rivers, mountains and the water cycle. human geography, including: settlements and land use, economic activity. Explain own views about locations, giving reasons 		
re Jo • U		 Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key to communicate knowledge of Japan and the wider world. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer mapping to locate countries and describe features. Use the eight points of a compass, four-figure grid references, symbols and key to communicate knowle UK and the wider world. Use maps, atlases, globes and digital/computer map locate Coastal regions and describe features. 		area using a range of methods inc nd graphs and digital technologies of a compass, four-figure grid and key to communicate knowledg Id. obes and digital/computer mappin	e of e of e of e of e of e of e of e of		
		Ordnance Survey, grid 1	isphere, Southern s of Cancer and Capricorn, reference, trade, economy itainous, landmass, souther				

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	Summer 2
f geographical p rmation System ngth.	rocesses. s (GIS).
Hemisphere, Sou Cancer and Capr Circle and date to teristics of thes locate the countr cal and human cho	Name and locate the Equator, thern Hemisphere, the icorn, Arctic and ime zones. Describe some of e geographical areas. ries of Europe and identify their aracteristics. arities and differences between
characteristics of the of resources to tures of a locatio eography, includin guakes and the wo graphy, including:	o identify the key physical and n. ng: rivers, mountains, volcanoes
Kingdom and the	ompass, four-figure grid y to communicate knowledge of e wider world. nd digital/computer mapping to be features.
ain, peninsula, s	sphere, mountain range, supercontinent, economic, ons, densely, sparsely, pop-

Progression	Map 2	021/2022 Sub	ject: Geography		Subject Le	ad: Mrs Lisa Shear
	Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1
Breadth	5	World Focus - Exti	reme Earth	World Focus	- India	Our changin
AIMS	5	 interpret a range of source 	urces of geographical inform	nation, including maps, d	xperiences of fieldwork that deepe iagrams, globes, aerial photograph gh maps, numerical and quantitative	s and Geographical Inform
Locational &	place	latitude, longitude, Equat Southern Hemisphere, th	e geographical significance of or, Northern Hemisphere, ne Tropics of Cancer and Capric cle, and time zones (including	corn, land identify hills, mountain land-use patte aspects have Understand so	ate some of the countries and cities o human and physical characteristics, in ns, rivers, key topographical features erns; and understand how some of the changed over time. ome of the reasons for geographical ad differences between countries.	cluding latitude, long and Southern He
Human & Phy	rsical	 human activity within a lo physical geography, include earthquakes. human geography, including activity including trade li 	w the physical features affect ocation. ding: mountains, volcanoes and ng: settlements, land use, econ nks, and the distribution of ng energy, food, minerals, and	 physical generation wegetation earthquak human generation distribution minerals, of Identify and of 	understand key aspects of: eography, including: climate zones, bio belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes ar es and the water cycle. ography, including: settlements, land us activity including trade links, and the on of natural resources including energy and water supplies. describe how the physical features af y within a location.	e Describe hov explain some Describe geo Describe hov interconnect
		 Create maps of locations identifying patterns (such as: land use, climate zones, population densities, height of land, danger zones). Collect and analyse statistics and other information in order to draw clear conclusions about locations. 		 a location. Use the eight references, s Ordnance Sur United Kingdo Create maps of 	f geographical resources to give detain and opinions of the characteristic feat ymbols and a key (that uses standard vey symbols) to communicate knowled om and the world. of locations identifying patterns (such ones, population densities, height of lo	ge of the as: land ge of the as: land ge of the as: land ge of the ge of the collect and a order to draw
, co		core, cross-section, tsunami, earthquake, population		on zones, settlem	Western hemisphere, tropics, t ent, land use, diversity, econom l, landmass, landscape, peninsula h Empire, democracy, inhabitant	y, greenhouse go emissions, fo

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	Summer 2
ing world	
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ngitude, Equator, lemisphere, the T Antarctic Circle, ht). d some of the rea	eographical significance of Northern Hemisphere, Topics of Cancer and Capricorn, and time zones (including sons for geographical between countries.
vity within a locat ow locations arou ne of the reasons eographic <mark>al</mark> divers	nd the world are changing and for change. sity across the world. geographical regions are
) to observe, mea atures in the loca ays. (eg pollution s os of locations ide e zones, populatio analyse statistic	work sampling (random and sure and record the human and l area. Record the results in a survey etc.). entifying patterns (such as: land n densities, height of land). s and other information in ons about locations.
n, renewable, v gases, climate ossil fuels, glo erconnected.	veathering, erosion, change, population, bal average temperature,

Progression Map 2021/2022 Subject: Geography Subject Lead:					: Mrs Lisa Shear		
	Year Group	Autumn 1	Autumn 2	Spring 1	Spring 2	Summer 1	
Breadth	6	World Focus – Antai	rctica	World focus -	South America	Geographica Present	
AIMS		 collect, analyse and communicate with a range of data gathered through experiences of fieldwork that deepen their understanding of geographical information, including maps, diagrams, globes, aerial photographs and Geographical Inform communicate geographical information in a variety of ways, including through maps, numerical and quantitative skills and writing at leng 					
Locational & place Human & Physical		 Identify and describe the geographical significance of latitude, longitude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, Southern Hemisphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic and Antarctic Circle, and time zones (including day and night). Understand some of the reasons for geographical similarities and differences between countries. Identify and describe how the physical features affect the human activity within a location. Describe how locations around the world are changing and explain some of the reasons for change. Describe describe how the physical regions are interconnected and interdependent. 		 latitude, longit Southern Hem Arctic and Ant day and night). Name and locat America and id including hills, features and lo of these aspection Understand solution similarities and 	escribe the geographical significance of ude, Equator, Northern Hemisphere, isphere, the Tropics of Cancer and Capr arctic Circle, and time zones (including te some of the countries and cities of S lentify human and physical characteristi mountains, rivers, key topographical and-use patterns; and understand how so ts have changed over time. me of the reasons for geographical differences between countries. escribe how the physical features affect within a location. understand key aspects of: geography, including: climate zones, bio	icorn, outh cs, ome it the it the ict	
				and vege and eart • human g economi distribu	etation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoe thquakes and the water cycle. eography, including: settlements, land us c activity including trade links, and the tion of natural resources including energy nerals, and water supplies.	es and ver earthq se, • human econom	
Skills & Field	lwork	 use, climate zones, popul Collect and analyse stati order to draw clear conc Analyse and give views of geographical representa- images compared with mages 	identifying patterns (such as: la ation densities, height of land) stics and other information in clusions about locations. In the effectiveness of different tions of a location (such as aerial aps and topological maps - as in York Tube, Boston Subway our	scriptions and location. • Use the eight references, sy Ordnance Surv the United King • Create maps of	geographical resources to give detailed opinions of the characteristic features points of a compass, four-figure grid mbols and a key (that uses standard vey symbols) to communicate knowledge gdom and the world. f locations identifying patterns (such as nes, population densities, height of land	of a location. Use the eight references, s Survey symbol Kingdom and Analyse and c	
Vocabulary	Colony, conservation, crater, desolate, expedition, formations, frigid, Geologist, Glacier, ice-scape, migration, Peninsula, topography,		 tropics, times ze contours, distril 	Southern and Western hemisphe ones, Biomes, population density, bution, trade links, economics, sation, bio-diverse, tributaries.	ere, States, nation tropics, times tours, distrib colonisation, b		

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	Summer 2						
al Skills – L	ocal area past and						
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f geographical processes. rmation Systems (GIS). ngth.							
gitude, Eguator,	eographical significance of Northern Hemisphere, Southern Cancer and Capricorn, Arctic le zones (including day and						
ocate the countries of North America and ir main physical and human characteristics. some of the reasons for geographical and differences between countries.							
d describe how the physical features affect the ity within a location. d understand key aspects of: cal geography, including: climate zones, biomes egetation belts, rivers, mountains, volcanoes and quakes and the water cycle. In geography, including: settlements, land use, mic activity including trade links, and the bution of natural resources including energy, minerals, and water supplies.							
of geographical is and opinions of	resources to give detailed the characteristic features of a						
ht points of a con symbols and a ke bols) to communic d the world.	npass, four-figure grid y (that uses standard Ordnance cate knowledge of the United						
give views on the l representations pared with maps o	e effectiveness of different s of a location (such as aerial and topological maps - as in k Tube, Boston Subway our Met-						
es zones, Biomo bution, trade l	and Western hemisphere, es, population density, con- inks, economics, populous, ributaries, canyon.						